

Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, DOT

§ 387.303

Crushed stone.
 Drilling salt.
 Dry fertilizer.
 Fish scrap.
 Fly ash.
 Forest products; viz: Logs, billets, or bolts, native woods, Canadian wood or Mexican pine; pulpwood, fuel wood, wood kindling; and wood sawdust or shavings (shingle tow) other than jewelers' or paraffined.
 Foundry and factory sweepings.
 Garbage.
 Gravel, other than bird gravel.
 Hardwood and parquet flooring.
 Haydite.
 Highway construction materials, when transported in dump trucks and unloaded at destination by dumping.
 Ice.
 Iron ore.
 Lime and limestone.
 Liquid fertilizer solutions, in bulk, in tank vehicles.
 Lumber.
 Manure.
 Meat scraps.
 Mud drilling salt.
 Ores, in bulk, including ore concentrates.
 Paving materials, unless contain oil hauled in tank vehicles.
 Peat moss.
 Peeler cores.
 Plywood.
 Poles and piling, other than totem poles.
 Potash, used as commercial fertilizer.
 Pumice stone, in bulk in dump vehicles.
 Salt, in bulk or in bags.
 Sand, other than asbestos, bird, iron, monazite, processed, or tobacco sand.
 Sawdust.
 Scoria stone.
 Scrap iron.
 Scrap steel.
 Shells, clam, mussel, or oyster.
 Slag, other than slag with commercial value for the further extraction of metals.
 Slag, derived aggregates—cinders.
 Slate, crushed or scrap.
 Slurry, as waste material.
 Soil, earth or marl, other than infusorial, diatomaceous, tripoli, or inoculated soil or earth.
 Stone, unglazed and unmanufactured, including ground agricultural limestone.
 Sugar beet pulp.
 Sulphate of ammonia, bulk, used as fertilizer.
 Surfactants.
 Trap rock.

Treated poles.
 Veneer.
 Volcanic scoria.
 Waste, hazardous and nonhazardous, transported solely for purposes of disposal.
 Water, other than mineral or prepared—water.
 Wood chips, not processed.
 Wooden pallets, unassembled.
 Wreck or disabled motor vehicles.
 Other materials or commodities of low value, upon specific application to and approval by the FMCSA.

(c) *Continuing compliance required.* Such security as is accepted by the FMCSA in accordance with the requirements of section 13906 of title 49 of the U.S. Code, shall remain in effect at all times.

[48 FR 51780, Nov. 14, 1983, as amended at 60 FR 63981, Dec. 13, 1995; 62 FR 49941, Sept. 24, 1997]

§ 387.303 Security for the protection of the public: Minimum limits.

(a) *Definitions.* (1) *Primary security* means public liability coverage provided by the insurance or surety company responsible for the first dollar of coverage.

(2) *Excess security* means public liability coverage above the primary security, or above any additional underlying security, up to and including the required minimum limits set forth in paragraph (b)(2) of this section.

(b)(1) Motor carriers subject to § 387.301(a)(1) are required to have security for the required minimum limits as follows:

Passenger Carriers: Kind of Equipment	
Vehicle seating capacity	Minimum limit
(i) Any vehicle with a seating capacity of 16 passengers or more	\$5,000,000
(ii) Any vehicle designed or used to transport more than 8 passengers (including the driver) for compensation	1,500,000

(2) Motor carriers subject to § 387.301(a)(2) are required to have security for the required minimum limits as follows:

Kind of equipment	Commodity transported	July 1, 1983*	July 1, 1984*
(a) Freight Vehicles of 10,001 Pounds or More GVWR.	Property (non-hazardous)	\$500,000	\$750,000

Kind of equipment	Commodity transported	July 1, 1983*	July 1, 1984*
(b) Freight Vehicles of 10,001 Pounds or More GVWR.	Hazardous substances, as defined in § 171.8, transported in cargo tanks, portable tanks, or hopper-type vehicles with capacities in excess of 3,500 water gallons, or in bulk Class A or B explosives, poison gas (Poison A) liquefied compressed gas or compressed gas, or highway route controlled quantity radioactive materials as defined in § 173.455.	1,000,000	5,000,000
(c) Freight Vehicles of 10,001 Pounds or More GVWR.	Oil listed in § 172.101; hazardous waste, hazardous materials and hazardous substances defined in § 171.8 and listed in § 172.101, but not mentioned in (b) above or (d) below.	500,000	1,000,000
(d) Freight Vehicles Under 10,001 Pounds GVWR.	Any quantity of Class A or B explosives; any quantity of poison gas (Poison A); or highway route controlled quantity radioactive materials as defined in § 173.455.	1,000,000	5,000,000

*NOTE: The effective date of the current required minimum limit in § 387.303(b)(2) was January 6, 1983, in accordance with the requirements of Pub. L. 97–424, 96 Stat. 2097.

(3) Motor carriers subject to the minimum limits governed by this section, which are also subject to Department of Transportation limits requirements, are at no time required to have security for more than the required minimum limits established by the Secretary of Transportation in the applicable provisions of 49 CFR Part 387—Minimum Levels of Financial Responsibility for Motor Carriers.

(4) *Foreign motor carriers and foreign motor private carriers.* Foreign motor carriers and foreign motor private carriers (Mexican), subject to the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 13902(c) and 49 CFR part 368 regarding obtaining certificates of registration from the FMCSA, must meet our minimum financial responsibility requirements by obtaining insurance coverage, in the required amounts, for periods of 24 hours or longer, from insurance or surety companies, that meet the requirements of 49 CFR 387.315. These carriers must have available for inspection, in each vehicle operating in the United States, copies of the following documents:

- (i) The certificate of registration;
- (ii) The required insurance endorsement (Form MCS–90); and
- (iii) An insurance identification card, binder, or other document issued by an authorized insurer which specifies both the effective date and the expiration date of the insurance coverage.

Notwithstanding the provisions of § 387.301(a)(1), the filing of evidence of insurance is not required as a condition to the issuance of a certificate of registration. Further, the reference to continuous coverage at § 387.313(a)(6) and the reference to cancellation no-

tice at § 387.313(d) are not applicable to these carriers.

(c) *Motor common carriers: Cargo liability.* Security required to compensate shippers or consignees for loss or damage to property belonging to shippers or consignees and coming into the possession of motor carriers in connection with their transportation service, (1) for loss of or damage to property carried on any one motor vehicle—\$5,000, (2) for loss of or damage to or aggregate of losses or damages of or to property occurring at any one time and place—\$10,000.

[47 FR 55944, Dec. 14, 1982, as amended at 48 FR 43333, Sept. 23, 1983; 48 FR 45775, Oct. 7, 1983; 48 FR 51780, Nov. 14, 1983; 49 FR 1991, Jan. 17, 1984; 49 FR 27767, July 6, 1984; 50 FR 40030, Oct. 1, 1985; 53 FR 36984, Sept. 23, 1988; 54 FR 52034, Dec. 20, 1989; 55 FR 47338, Nov. 13, 1990; 62 FR 49941, Sept. 24, 1997; 67 FR 61824, Oct. 2, 2002; 68 FR 56198, Sept. 30, 2003; 72 FR 55701, Oct. 1, 2007]

§ 387.305 Combination vehicles.

The following combinations will be regarded as one motor vehicle for purposes of this part, (a) a tractor and trailer or semitrailer when the tractor is engaged solely in drawing the trailer or semitrailer, and (b) a truck and trailer when both together bear a single load.

§ 387.307 Property broker surety bond or trust fund.

(a) *Security.* A property broker must have a surety bond or trust fund in effect for \$10,000. The FMCSA will not issue a property broker license until a surety bond or trust fund for the full limits of liability prescribed herein is in effect. The broker license shall remain valid or effective only as long as